

National Condom Distribution Service

Report of activities for 2018



About the HSE Sexual Health & Crisis Pregnancy Programme

The HSE Sexual Health and Crisis Pregnancy Programme (SHCPP) is a national programme tasked with implementing Ireland's first framework for sexual health and wellbeing, the National Sexual Health Strategy 2015–2020.

The Programme is one of a number of national policy priority programmes situated within the national Strategic Planning and Transformation function of the Health Service Executive (HSE).

The Programme delivers a programme of research; funding initiatives, including crisis pregnancy counselling services and relationships and sexuality education programmes; communications campaigns; information provision; and policy initiatives.

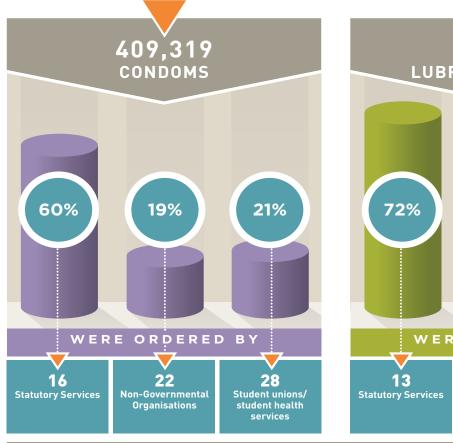
The Programme established the National Condom Distribution Service (NCDS) in October 2015 to assist in meeting the strategic aims of the strategy. The NCDS functions as a central point for distributing free condoms and lubricant sachets to HSE services and other organisations who work directly with individuals and groups who may be at increased risk of negative sexual health outcomes.

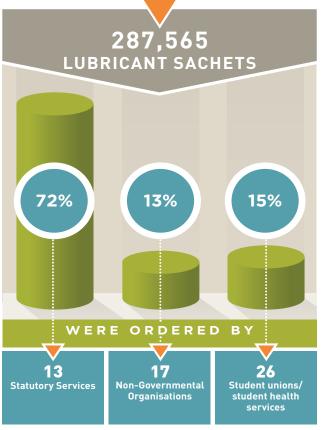
NATIONAL CONDOM DISTRIBUTION SERVICE

OVERVIEW OF ACTIVITIES 2018

67 ORGANISATIONS ORDERED

56 ORGANISATIONS ORDERED





WHO THEY REACHED



KEY FESTIVALS AND EVENTS WHERE CONDOMS AND LUBRICANTS WERE DISTRIBUTED VIA OUTREACH IN 2018



- World AIDS Day
- SHAG Week
- LGBT Pride
- Body and Soul
- Longitude
- Bare in the Woods
- Altogether Now
- Beatyard Festival
- Castlepalooza
- Electric Picnic
- Boxed Off
- The Outing
- Galway Races
- Cork Women's Fun Weekend

Since 2017

- 3,698 more condoms were ordered
- 82,470 more lubricant sachets were ordered
- 15 more services and organisations ordered from the NCDS

Contents

List of abbreviations	4
1. Introduction	6
2. About this report	6
3. Profile of services and organisations	7
4. Quantities of products ordered by services and organisations	12
5. Distribution of NCDS products by services and organisations	23
6. Summary	28

List of abbreviations

AIDS acquired immunodeficiency syndrome

AIT Athlone Institute of Technology

ALDP Ana Liffey Drug Project

CC Carlow College

CIT Cork Institute of Technology
CPL Community Prison Link
DCU Dublin City University

DIT Dublin Institute of Technology

DkIT Dundalk Institute of Technology

DNE Dublin North East

DWWC Dublin Well Woman Centre

FPSHP Foundation Programme in Sexual Health Promotion

GMHS Gay Men's Health Service

GMIT Galway-Mayo Institute of Technology

GOSHH Gender, Orientation, Sexual Health and HIV

HIV human immunodeficiency virus

HP Health Promotion

HSE Health Service Executive

IADT Institute of Art, Design and Technology

ID infectious diseases

IFPA Irish Family Planning Association

IT Institute of Technology

ITB Institute of Technology Blanchardstown

ITC Institute of Technology Carlow
ITS Institute of Technology Sligo
ITT Institute of Technology Tallaght

LGBTI+ lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, and intersex

LINC Lesbians in Cork

LIT Limerick Institute of Technology

LyIT Letterkenny Institute of Technology

MCDAR Meath Community Drug & Alcohol Response

MIC Mary Immaculate College

MRHP Midland Regional Hospital Portlaoise

MSM men who have sex with men

MSW medical social work

NCAD National College of Art and Design
NCDS National Condom Distribution Service

NCI National College of Ireland

NGO non-governmental organisation

NUIG National University of Ireland Galway

OLOL Our Lady of Lourdes Hospital

PLWHIV people living with HIV

RAG Raise and Give

RCSI Royal College of Surgeons in Ireland

SAC St Angela's College

SHAG Sexual Health Awareness and Guidance

SHC student health centre

SHCPP Sexual Health and Crisis Pregnancy Programme

SHIFT Sexual Health in First Term

SIVUH South Infirmary Victoria University Hospital

STI sexually transmitted infection

SU student union

SVUH St Vincent's University Hospital

TIRC Tralee International Resource Centre

UCC University College Cork
UCD University College Dublin
UHG University Hospital Galway
UHL University Hospital Limerick
UHW University Hospital Waterford

UL University of Limerick

USI Union of Students in Ireland

WAD World AIDS Day

WCFE Waterford College of Further Education

WIT Waterford Institute of Technology

YHS Youth Health Service

YRAE youthreach and adult education

1. Introduction

The National Condom Distribution Service (NCDS) was established by the HSE Sexual Health and Crisis Pregnancy Programme (SHCPP) in October 2015 to help meet the strategic aims of the National Sexual Health Strategy 2015–2020,¹ namely to improve sexual health and wellbeing and reduce negative sexual health outcomes, such as sexually transmitted infections (STIs) and crisis pregnancies.

The NCDS functions as a central point for distributing free condoms and lubricant sachets to HSE services and other organisations working directly with individuals and groups who may be at increased risk of negative sexual health outcomes. These groups are listed in the strategy. The NCDS also provides condoms and lubricant sachets to support sexual health promotional campaigns and educational initiatives.

To order from the NCDS, organisations must first register with the SHCPP for approval. Once approved, organisations create an account with healthpromotion.ie and order condoms and lubricant sachets from the website as required. All orders are approved by the SHCPP before being sent to the organisations.

2. About this report

This report presents information on the activities of the NCDS from 1 January to 31 December 2018. The information presented in this report is based on (1) data provided by the services and organisations in their application forms to the NCDS; (2) logistical information recorded by Store-All Logistics, the company responsible for distributing the products; and (3) monitoring information completed by the services and organisations at the request of the SHCPP.

The report provides information on:

- Services and organisations that ordered condoms and lubricant from the NCDS in 2018 and the groups they
 work with
- The number of products ordered in 2018 by services and organisations
- Distribution of condoms and lubricants by services and organisations in 2018.

¹ Department of Health (2015) National Sexual Health Strategy 2015–2020. Dublin: Department of Health.

3. Profile of services and organisations

Between January and December 2018, some 67 services and organisations ordered condoms from the NCDS. This included 28 student unions (SUs) and student health centres (SHCs), 22 non-governmental organisations (NGOs)/community organisations, 16 statutory services, and 1 private social care provider. The majority (56 services) also ordered lubricant sachets during 2018.

Fifty-nine services and organisations operate on a single county or regional basis, covering 21 counties in Ireland. Eight services and organisations operate on a national basis.

Statutory services

Sixteen statutory services² ordered products from the NCDS during 2018. Fourteen of these services are HSE services, while two are affiliated with Tusla – Child and Family Agency (see Table 3.1). Among the 14 HSE services, nine are clinical services and five are non-clinical services.

HSE clinical services

Nine clinical services ordered products from the NCDS in 2018. These services include the Gay Men's Health Service (GMHS) Clinic in Dublin; the Youth Health Service (YHS) in Cork; the Infectious Diseases (ID) Clinic at St Vincent's University Hospital (SVUH), Dublin; and STI clinics based in hospitals in Counties Cork, Galway, Laois, Limerick, Louth and Waterford, some of which operate satellite services to nearby towns.

All clinical services planned to distribute condoms to clinic patients. For most of these services, clinic patients comprised the general public, although four services cited specific at-risk groups as the intended target for their condom distribution activities. These groups include men who have sex with men (MSM), people living with HIV (PLWHIV), students, and young people.

HSE non-clinical services

Five non-clinical services ordered products from the NCDS in 2018. These included Health Promotion Units in Longford and Louth; the GMHS Outreach Programme; one medical social work department (MSW Dept) based in Our Lady of Lourdes Hospital (OLOL), Louth; and the SHCPP via the company Headcase Marketing. Headcase Marketing operates the SHCPP's sexual health outreach programme aimed at young people aged 18–30 years. This was formerly the Johnny's Got You Covered sexual health promotion campaign (2012–August 2018). Since September 2018, it has been replaced by the #RespectProtect campaign, with the sexualwellbeing.ie brand.

Non-clinical services planned to distribute to a broad range of groups considered to be at increased risk of negative sexual health outcomes. These included MSM, the lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, and intersex (LGBTI+) community more broadly, and young adults, as well as the general public.

² Statutory services refer to services/organisations that are established by legislation (e.g. HSE, Tusla) and are financed and provided by the State.

Tusla – Child and Family Agency

Two Tusla services ordered products from the NCDS in 2018. These include the Aftercare Service, based in Cavan, as part of the Dublin North East Tusla area, and the Tullow Area Schools Completion Programme (SCP) in Carlow. While the Aftercare Service intended to provide condoms to the adults who have left care, the Tullow Area SCP planned to use the condoms for demonstration and educational purposes with young people and students.

Table 3.1: Statutory services that ordered products from the NCDS in 2018

HSE cli	nical services	At-risk group/target audience
1	GMHS Clinic, Dublin	MSM
2	HIV/STI Clinic, UHG	Clinic patients
3	ID Clinic, SVUH, Dublin	Clinic patients, PLWHIV
4	STI Clinic, MRHP, Laois	Clinic patients
5	STI Clinic, SIVUH, Cork	Clinic patients
6	STI Clinic, UHW	Students, MSM, general public
7	STI Clinics, Dublin North East*	Clinic patients
8	STI Clinics, UHL†	Clinic patients
9	YHS, Cork	Young people
HSE no	n-clinical services	
10	GMHS Outreach, Dublin	MSM
11	HSE HP, Longford	General public, LGBTI+
12	HSE HP, Louth	FPSHP participants
13	MSW Dept, OLOL, Louth	Service patients, including young adults
14	SHCPP (via Headcase Marketing) (national)	Young people, MSM
Tusla		
15	Aftercare Service, Cavan‡	Adult care leavers
16	Tullow Area SCP, Carlow	Young people, students

^{*} STI Clinics in HSE Dublin North East (DNE) includes clinics in Monaghan General Hospital; Our Lady of Lourdes Hospital, Drogheda; and Louth County Hospital, Dundalk.

UHG = University Hospital Galway; SVUH = St Vincent's University Hospital; PLWHIV = people living with HIV; MRHP = Midland Regional Hospital Portlaoise; SIVUH = South Infirmary Victoria University Hospital; UHW = University Hospital Waterford; UHL = University Hospital Limerick; OLOL = Our Lady of Lourdes Hospital: HP = Health Promotion; FPSHP = Foundation Programme in Sexual Health Promotion; SCP = Schools Completion Programme.

 $[\]dagger$ STI Clinics in University Hospital Limerick also include satellite clinics in Nenagh and Ennis.

[‡] The catchment area for this service includes Cavan and Monaghan.

NGOs/community organisations

Twenty-two NGOs/community organisations ordered products from the NCDS in 2018 (see Table 3.2). These organisations work with a range of different at-risk groups, including the LGBTI+ community, migrant populations, sex workers, young people, people living with HIV and/or STIs and hepatitis, MSM, homeless people, and people experiencing addiction issues. Some organisations also planned to provide condoms to the general public, while others used them during training/educational sessions with service users.

Table 3.2: NGOs/community organisations that ordered products from the NCDS in 2018

Organi	sation	At-risk group/target audience
1	AIDS West, Galway*	LGBTI+, migrants, sex workers, general public
2	AkiDwA (national)	Female asylum seekers
3	Ana Liffey Drug Project Midwest, Limerick	Drug users, sex workers
4	Chrysalis Community Drug Project, Dublin	Female sex workers
5	Donegal Women's Centre	Young women (from various at-risk groups)
6	Dublin Well Woman Centre	Women, students
7	Fatima Health Project, Dublin	Project participants
8	Foróige (national)	Professional training participants
9	Fusion CPL, Dublin	Individuals recovering or recovered from addiction
10	Gay Project Cork	MSM
11	GOSHH, Midwest†	People living with HIV/hepatitis, MSM, young people, sex workers, LGBTI+, general public, parents
12	Irish Family Planning Association (national)	Students, carers, youth workers, parents
13	Lesbians in Cork	Lesbian and bisexual women, LGBTI+
14	Longford LGBT	LGBTI+
15	MCDAR Project	Service users experiencing addiction/substance misuse issues
16	Novas Emergency Homeless Hostel, Kerry	Homeless individuals
17	One Family (national)	LGBTI+, migrants, single parent families, service users
18	Ruhama (national)	Female sex workers
19	Sexual Health Centre, Cork	LGBTI+, migrants, general public
20	SpunOut.ie (national)	Young people
21	Tinteán Housing Association, Waterford	Homeless women, women with addiction issues, female sex workers
22	Tralee International Resource Centre, Kerry	Asylum seekers, refugees, wider international community

^{*} AIDS West operates in counties around Galway, including Mayo and Roscommon.

CPL = community prison link; GOSHH = Gender, Orientation, Sexual Health and HIV; MCDAR = Meath Community Drug & Alcohol Response.

[†] Inclusive of Limerick, Clare and North Tipperary.

Student unions and student health centres

Twenty-six student unions ordered products from the NCDS, while two student health centres based on university campuses also placed orders (see Table 3.3). The Union of Students in Ireland (USI) made an application to the NCDS both for itself and on behalf of its members, which includes 21 other student unions who ordered condoms during 2018. In addition, three student unions and one student council that are not members of USI ordered from the NCDS. These include unions/councils based in Mary Immaculate College (MIC), Limerick; University College Dublin (UCD); Royal College of Surgeons in Ireland (RCSI); and Waterford College of Further Education (WCFE).

Table 3.3: Student unions and student health centres that ordered products from the NCDS in 2018

USI		At-risk group/target audience		
1	USI (national)	Students		
2	Athlone Institute of Technology	Students		
3	Institute of Technology Blanchardstown*	Students		
4	Carlow College	Students		
5	Cork Institute of Technology	Students		
6	DCU	Students		
7	Dublin Institute of Technology†	Students		
8	Dundalk Institute of Technology	Students		
9	Galway-Mayo Institute of Technology	Students		
10	IADT, Dún Laoghaire, Dublin	Students		
11	Institute of Technology Carlow	Students		
12	Institute of Technology Sligo	Students		
13	Institute of Technology Tallaght‡	Students		
14	Institute of Technology Tralee	Students		
15	Letterkenny Institute of Technology	Students		
16	Limerick Institute of Technology	Students		
17	National College of Art and Design, Dublin	Students		
18	National College of Ireland, Dublin	Students		
19	NUIG	Students		
20	St Angela's College, NUIG	Students		
21	UCC	Students		
22	Waterford Institute of Technology	Students		
Indepe	ndent			
23	MIC, Limerick	Students		
24	RCSI, Dublin	Students		
25	UCD	Students		
26	WCFE Student Council	Students		
	Student health centres			
27	Student Health Centre, DCU	Students		
28	Student Health Centre, UL	Students		

 $^{^{\}star}$ In Jan 2019, this was renamed the Technological University Dublin – Blanchardstown Campus.

DCU = Dublin City University; IADT = Institute of Art, Design and Technology; NUIG = National University of Ireland Galway; UCC = University College Cork; UL = University of Limerick.

[†] In Jan 2019, this was renamed the Technological University Dublin.

[‡] In Jan 2019, this was renamed the Technological University Dublin – Tallaght Campus.

Private social care providers

One private social care provider ordered products from the NCDS in 2018. The provider, 24hr Care Services, planned to distribute condoms to young men in their care (see Table 3.4). The Residential Division of 24hr Care Services, which ordered the condoms, provides a residential service for young people who are experiencing emotional and behavioural difficulties and have previous had placements in foster or family living which has broken down.

Table 3.4: Private social care providers that ordered from the NCDS in 2018

Organi	sation	At-risk group/target audience
1	24hr Care Services, Meath	Young men in care

4. Quantities of products ordered by services and organisations

This section provides information on the quantities of products ordered by services and organisations from the NCDS. The information was provided by the logistics company responsible for distributing the condoms and lubricant sachets to the HSE services and organisations.

Total products ordered

Condoms

In 2018, some 409,319 condoms were ordered from the NCDS (see Table 4.1). Statutory services accounted for the greatest source of demand as regards condoms from the NCDS and ordered 60.5% of the total number of condoms ordered in 2018 (see Figure 4.1). Condom orders from student unions and student health centres accounted for 20.8% of the total. NGOs and community organisations increased their share of the total amount of condoms ordered in 2018, accounting for 18.6% of orders.

Lubricant sachets

A total of 287,565 lubricant sachets were ordered from the NCDS in 2018 (see Table 4.1). Similar to condom orders, statutory services placed the greatest demand on the NCDS for lubricant sachets in 2018, which is 72.4% of the total number ordered (see Figure 4.2). Student unions and student health centres ordered 15.1% of the total and were the second largest source of orders for lubricant sachets. NGOs and community organisations accounted for 12.5% of lubricant sachets ordered in 2018, almost equalling student unions and student health centres. No orders for lubricant sachets were placed by private social care providers.

Table 4.1: Quantity of condoms and lubricant sachets ordered from the NCDS in 2018

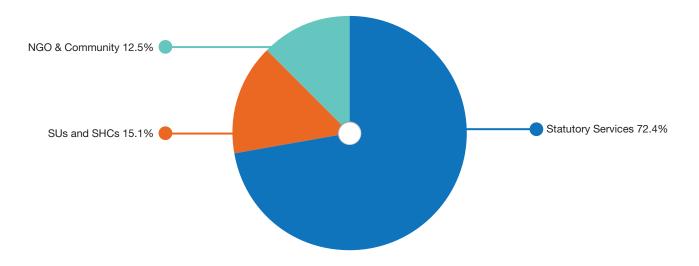
Sector	Condoms	% of total	Lubricant	% of total
Statutory services	247,677	60.5	208,186	72.4
NGOs/community organisations	76,272	18.6	36,060	12.5
Student unions and student health centres	85,270	20.8	43,319	15.1
Private social care providers	100	<1	0	0.0
Total	409,319	100	287,565	100

NGO & Community 18.6%

Statutory Services 60.5%

Figure 4.1: Proportion of condoms ordered by sector type

Figure 4.2: Proportion of lubricant sachets ordered by sector type



Statutory services

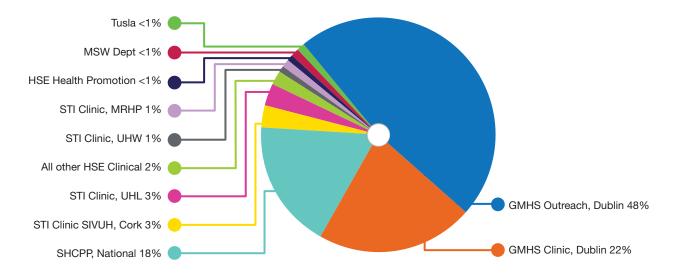
Condoms

Statutory services ordered 247,677 condoms in 2018 (see Table 4.2 and Figure 4.3). Almost one-half were ordered by the GMHS Outreach service, while 22% was ordered by the GMHS Clinic in Dublin. Together, both services accounted for 70% of condoms ordered from the NCDS. Eighteen per cent were ordered by the SHCPP via Headcase Marketing.

Table 4.2: Quantity of NCDS condoms ordered by statutory services in 2018

HSE cli	nical services	Condoms	% of total sector orders
1	GMHS Clinic, Dublin	54,500	22
2	STI Clinic, SIVUH, Cork	7,614	3
3	STI Clinics, UHL	7,500	3
4	STI Clinic, UHW	2,500	1
5	STI Clinic, MRHP, Laois	2,476	1
6	YHS, Cork	2,000	<1
7	STI Clinics, Dublin North East	1,450	<1
8	HIV/STI Clinic, UHG	1,000	<1
9	ID Clinic, SVUH, Dublin	432	<1
HSE clir	nical total	79,472	32
HSE no	n-clinical services		
10	GMHS Outreach, Dublin	118,000	48
11	SHCPP (via Headcase Marketing) (national)	45,583	18
12	HSE HP, Longford	1,872	<1
13	MSW Dept, OLOL, Louth	1,000	<1
14	HSE HP, Louth	300	<1
HSE no	n-clinical total	166,755	67
Tusla			
15	Aftercare Service, Cavan	950	<1
16	Tullow Area SCP, Carlow	500	<1
Tusla to	tal	1,450	<1
Statuto	ry services total	247,677	100

Figure 4.3: Proportion of condoms ordered by statutory services as a share of the sector total



HP = Health Promotion; MSW = Medical Social Work.

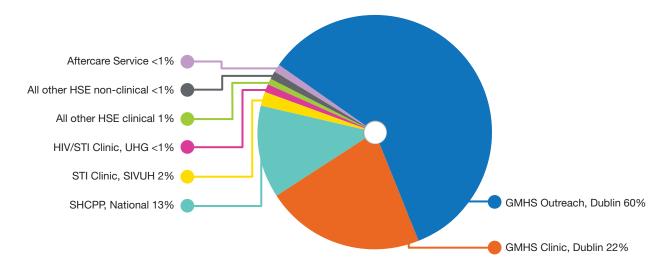
Lubricant sachets

Statutory services ordered 208,186 lubricant sachets in 2018 (see Table 4.3 and Figure 4.4). The GMHS ordered 82% of the total quantity of lubricant sachets ordered by statutory services in 2018, with the GMHS Dublin Clinic accounting for 22% and the Outreach service accounting for 60%. The SHCPP ordered 13% of the statutory total in 2018.

Table 4.3: Quantity of NCDS lubricant sachets ordered by statutory services in 2018

HSE cli	nical services	Lubricant	% of total sector orders
1	GMHS Clinic, Dublin	45,400	22
2	STI Clinic, SIVUH, Cork	3,432	2
3	HIV/STI Clinic, UHG	1,500	<1
4	YHS, Cork	1,000	<1
5	STI Clinics, UHL	500	<1
6	STI Clinic, UHW	400	<1
7	STI Clinics, Dublin North East	200	<1
8	ID Clinic, SVUH, Dublin	144	<1
HSE clii	nical total	52,576	25
HSE no	n-clinical services		
9	GMHS Outreach, Dublin	125,396	60
10	SHCPP (via Headcase Marketing) (national)	27,900	13
11	HSE HP, Longford	864	<1
12	MSW Dept, OLOL, Louth	500	<1
HSE no	n-clinical total	154,660	74
Tusla			
13	Aftercare Service, Cavan	950	<1
Tusla to	tal	950	<1
Statuto	ry services total	208,186	100

Figure 4.4: Proportion of lubricant sachets ordered by statutory services as a share of the sector total



NGOs/community organisations

Condoms

NGOs and community organisations ordered 76,272 condoms in 2018 (see Table 4.4 and Figure 4.5). The Sexual Health Centre in Cork, AIDS West in Galway, and GOSHH in the Midwest ordered 62% of the total number of condoms ordered by NGOs and community organisations in 2018.

Table 4.4: Quantity of NCDS condoms ordered by NGOs/community organisations in 2018

NGO/c	ommunity organisation	Condoms	% of total sector orders
1	Sexual Health Centre, Cork	24,186	32
2	AIDS West, Galway	14,458	19
3	GOSHH, Midwest	8,264	11
4	Gay Project Cork	5,000	7
5	Tralee International Resource Centre	4,722	6
6	Dublin Well Woman Centre	3,882	5
7	AkiDwA (national)	3,160	4
8	SpunOut.ie (national)	2,000	3
9	Irish Family Planning Association (national)	2,000	3
10	Ana Liffey Drug Project Midwest, Limerick	1,200	2
11	Donegal Women's Centre	1,000	1
12	Fatima Health Project, Dublin	1,000	1
13	One Family (national)	1,000	1
14	Ruhama (national)	1,000	1
15	Novas, Emergency Homeless Hostel, Kerry	950	1
16	Lesbians in Cork	550	<1
17	Chrysalis Community Drug Project, Dublin	500	<1
18	Tinteán Housing Association, Waterford	500	<1
19	Foróige (national)	300	<1
20	MCDAR Project	300	<1
21	Fusion CPL, Dublin	200	<1
22	Longford LGBT	100	<1
NGO/co	ommunity organisation total	76,272	100

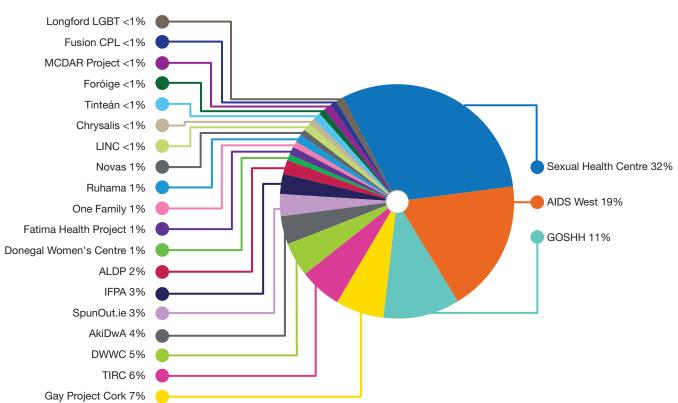


Figure 4.5: Proportion of condoms ordered by NGOs and community organisations as a share of sector total

TIRC = Tralee International Resource Centre; DWWC = Dublin Well Woman Centre; IFPA = Irish Family Planning Association; ALDP = Ana Liffey Drug Project; LINC = Lesbians in Cork.

Lubricant sachets

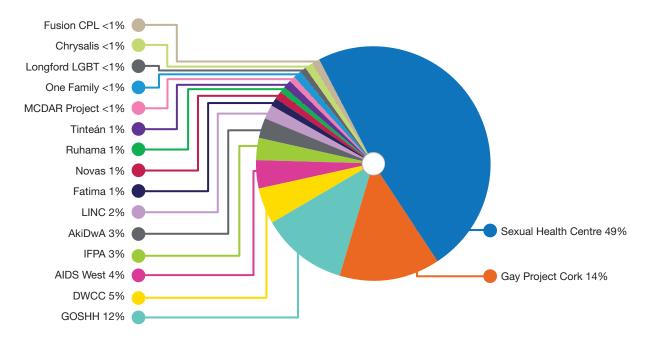
NGOs and community organisations collectively ordered 36,060 lubricant sachets from the NCDS in 2018 (see Table 4.5 and Figure 4.6). The Sexual Health Centre and the Gay Project Cork, along with GOSSH in the Midwest, ordered 75% of lubricant sachets by the sector in 2018.

Table 4.5: Quantity of NCDS lubricant sachets ordered by NGOs/community organisations in 2018

NGO/co	ommunity organisation	Lubricant	% of total sector orders
1	Sexual Health Centre, Cork	17,796	49
2	Gay Project Cork	5,000	14
3	GOSHH, Midwest	4,432	12
4	Dublin Well Woman Centre	1,932	5
5	AIDS West, Galway	1,400	4
6	Irish Family Planning Association (national)	1,100	3
7	AkiDwA (national)	1,000	3
8	Lesbians in Cork	600	2
9	Fatima Health Project, Dublin	500	1

10	Novas, Emergency Homeless Hostel, Kerry	500	1
11	Ruhama (national)	500	1
12	Tinteán Housing Association, Waterford	500	1
13	Meath Community D&A Response	200	<1
14	One Family (national)	200	<1
15	Longford LGBT	200	<1
16	Chrysalis Community Drug Project, Dublin	150	<1
17	Fusion CPL, Dublin	50	<1
NGO/ce	ommunity organisation total	36,060	100

Figure 4.6: Proportion of lubricant sachets ordered by NGOs and community organisations as a share of sector total



Student unions and student health centres

Condoms

Student unions and student health centres accounted for the second highest quantity of condoms ordered from the NCDS (85,270) in 2018 (see Table 4.6 and Figure 4.7). The USI ordered 24% of the total number of condoms ordered by student unions and student health centres.

Table 4.6: Quantity of NCDS condoms ordered by student unions and student health centres in 2018

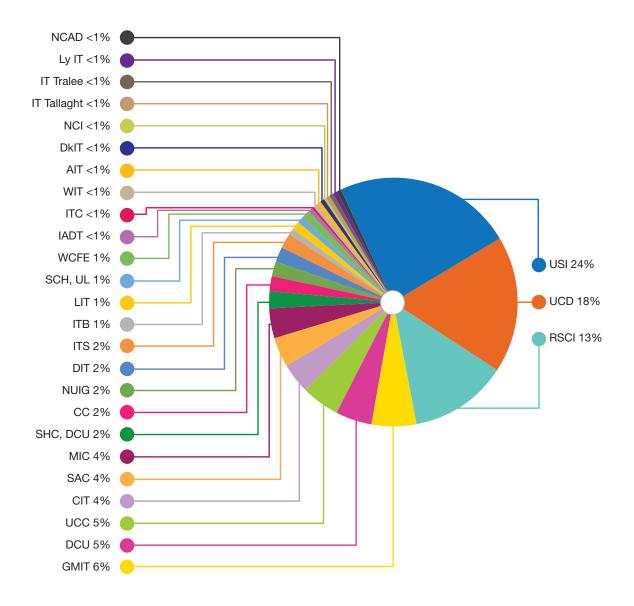
NGO/co	ommunity organisation	Lubricant	% of total sector orders
1	Union of Students in Ireland (USI)	20,200	24
2	Galway-Mayo Institute of Technology (GMIT)	5,000	6
3	Dublin City University (DCU)	4,000	5
4	University College Cork (UCC)	3,900	5
5	Cork Institute of Technology (CIT)	3,000	4
6	St Angela's College (SAC), Sligo	3,000	4
7	Carlow College (CC)	1,750	2
8	National University of Ireland Galway (NUIG)	1,500	2
9	Dublin Institute of Technology (DIT)*	1,500	2
10	Institute of Technology Sligo (ITS)	1,350	2
11	Institute of Technology Blanchardstown (ITB)†	1,250	1
12	Limerick Institute of Technology (LIT)	1,082	1
13	Institute of Art, Design and Technology (IADT), Dún Laoghaire	800	<1
14	Institute of Technology Carlow (ITC)	500	<1
15	Waterford Institute of Technology (WIT)	500	<1
16	Athlone Institute of Technology (AIT)	500	<1
17	Dundalk Institute of Technology (DkIT)	500	<1
18	National College of Ireland (NCI), Dublin	500	<1
19	Institute of Technology Tallaght (ITT)‡	400	<1
20	Institute of Technology (IT) Tralee	300	<1
21	Letterkenny Institute of Technology (LyIT)	300	<1
22	National College of Art and Design (NCAD), Dublin	100	<1
USI tota	al	51,932	61%
Indepe	ndent		
23	UCD	15,030	18
24	RCSI Dublin	11,350	13
25	Mary Immaculate College (MIC), Limerick	3,000	4
26	Waterford College of Further Education (WCFE)	950	1
Indepen	ndent total	30,330	36
Studen	t health centres (SHC)		
27	SHC, DCU	2,008	2
28	SHC, University of Limerick (UL)	1,000	1
Student	health centre total	3,008	3
Total th	ird level	85,270	100

^{*} In Jan 2019, DIT was renamed the Technological University Dublin.

[†] In Jan 2019, ITB was renamed the Technological University Dublin – Blanchardstown Campus.

[‡] In Jan 2019, ITT was renamed the Technological University Dublin – Tallaght Campus.

Figure 4.7: Proportion of condoms ordered by student unions and student health centres as a share of sector total



Lubricant sachets

Student unions and student health centres ordered 43,319 lubricant sachets in 2018 (see Table 4.7 and Figure 4.8). USI ordered 47% of the total number of lubricant sachets ordered from the NCDS by student unions and student health centres in 2018.

Table 4.7: Quantity of NCDS lubricant sachets ordered by student unions and student health centres in 2018

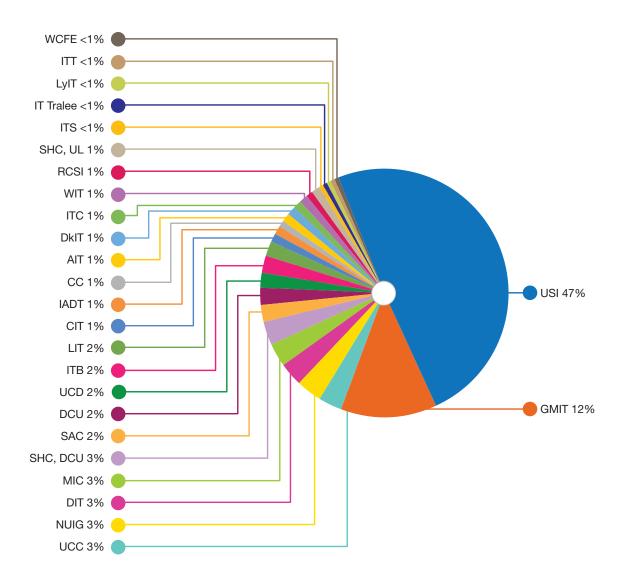
USI		Lubricant	% of total sector orders
1	USI	20,200	47
2	GMIT	5,000	12
3	UCC	1,500	3
4	NUIG	1,500	3
5	DIT*	1,500	3
6	SAC, Sligo	1,000	2
7	DCU	1,000	2
8	ITB†	800	2
9	LIT	788	2
10	CIT	600	1
11	IADT Dún Laoghaire	600	1
12	Carlow College	500	1
13	AIT	500	1
14	DkIT	500	1
15	ITC	500	1
16	WIT	500	1
17	ITS	400	<1
18	IT Tralee	300	<1
19	LyIT	300	<1
20	ITT‡	200	<1
USI tot	al	38,188	88
Indepe	ndent		
21	MIC, Limerick	1,499	3
22	UCD	1,000	2
23	RCSI Dublin	500	1
24	WCFE	200	<1
Indepe	ndent total	3,199	7
Studer	nt health centres		
25	SHC, DCU	1,432	3
26	SHC, UL	500	1
Studen	t health centre total	1,932	4
Total th	nird level	43,319	100

^{*} In Jan 2019, DIT was renamed the Technological University Dublin.

[†] In Jan 2019, ITB was renamed the Technological University Dublin – Blanchardstown Campus.

[‡] In Jan 2019, ITT was renamed the Technological University Dublin – Tallaght Campus.

Figure 4.8: Proportion of lubricant sachets ordered by student unions and student health centres as a share of sector total



Private social care providers

Condoms

Private social care providers accounted for 100 condoms ordered in 2018, less than 1% of the total (see Table 4.8).

Table 4.8: Quantity of NCDS condoms ordered by private social care providers in 2018

Organi	sation	Condoms	% of total sector orders
1	24hr Care Services	100	100
Private	social care provider total	100	100

5. Distribution of NCDS products by services and organisations

This section of the report contains details of how services and organisations distributed condoms and lubricant during 2018. It is informed by monitoring information submitted by each service and organisation at the request of the SHCPP.

Statutory services

Table 5.1 outlines the range of activities and initiatives statutory services engaged in to distribute condoms and lubricant.

Table 5.1: Distribution of NCDS condoms and lubricant sachets by statutory services in 2018

SEF	RVICE TYPE	Condoms	Lubricant	At-risk group/	Description of activities during	
HSE	E clinical	ordered	ordered	target audience	which condoms and lubricant were distributed	
1	GMHS Clinic, Dublin	54,500	45,400	MSM	1-to-1 sessions, available to take upon entry to and exit from clinic	
2	HIV/STI Clinic, UHG	1,000	1,500	Clinic patients	Provided to PLWHIV and MSM who attend the clinic	
3	ID Clinic, SVUH, Dublin	432	144	Clinic patients, PLWHIV	Did not commence distribution in 2018	
4	STI Clinic, MRHP, Laois	2,476	0	Clinic patients	1-to-1 sessions, available in reception	
5	STI Clinic, SIVUH, Cork	7,614	3,432	Clinic patients	1-to-1 sessions, available in waiting area	
6	STI Clinics, UHL	7,500	500	Clinic patients	1-to-1 sessions, available from dispensers in one clinic	
7	STI Clinics, DNE	1,450	200	Clinic patients	1-to-1 sessions, information stand during World AIDS Day	
8	STI Clinic, UHW	2,500	400	Students, MSM, general public	1-to-1 sessions	
9	YHS, Cork	2,000	1,000	Young people	1-to-1 sessions	
HSE	non-clinical					
10	GMHS Outreach, Dublin	118,000	125,396	MSM	Distributed to MSM social venues, 1-to-1 sessions	
11	HSE HP, Longford	1,872	864	General public, LGBTI+	Distributed to local third-level institution, information stands during SHAG Week	
12	HSE HP, Louth	300	0	FPSHP participants	Distributed to professionals attending FPSHP for use in their services	
13	MSW Dept, OLOL, Louth	1,000	500	Service patients, including young adults	Available to patients on request	
14	SHCPP (via Headcase Marketing) (national)	45,583	27,900	Young people, MSM	Outreach at festivals and third-level institutions nationally, and popular Dublin nightlife venues	

1	Tusla					
-	15	Aftercare Service, Cavan	950	950	Adult care leavers	Aftercare workshops, 1-to-1 sessions, distributed to staff working with sexually active young people
•	16	Tullow Area SCP, Carlow	500	0	Young people, students	Used in demonstrations at educational sessions

NGOs/community organisations

Table 5.2 outlines the activities and initiatives that NGOs/community organisations engaged in to distribute condoms and lubricant.

Table 5.2: Distribution of NCDS condoms and lubricant by NGOs/community organisations in 2018

	D/Community anisation	Condoms Lubricant ordered		At-risk group/ target audience	Description of activities during which condoms and lubricant were distributed	
1	AIDS West, Galway	14,458	1,400	LGBTI+, migrants, sex workers, general public	Distributed during Rapid HIV testing sessions, available to clients upon request, distributed during education programme sessions, distributed to local direct provision centres, LGBTI+ social venues and third-level institutions, SHAG Week, Galway Pride, local festivals, World AIDS Day	
2	AkiDwA (national)	3,160	1,000	Female asylum seekers	Distributed via workshops with women living in direct provision centres	
3	ALDP Midwest, Limerick	1,200	0	Drug users, sex workers	Needle exchange outreach, street outreach, 1-to-1 sessions, distributed to local homeless hostels	
4	Chrysalis Community Drug Project, Dublin	500	150	Female sex workers	On-street outreach, 1-to-1 sessions	
5	Donegal Women's Centre	1,000	0	Young women (from various at- risk groups)	1-to-1 sessions, distributed to local Youthreach, adult education centres via tutors and information sessions	
6	DWWC	3,882	1,932	Women, students	Made available to clients in waiting areas, bathrooms and consultation rooms, 1-to-1 sessions	
7	Fatima Health Project, Dublin	1,000	500	Project participants	Information not provided	
8	Foróige (national)	300	0	Professional training participants	Used in demonstrations at educational sessions	
9	Fusion CPL, Dublin	200	50	Individuals recovering or recovered from addiction	Demonstrations and distribution via information stand during International Women's Day, made available in bathrooms	
10	Gay Project Cork	5,000	5,000	MSM	Available from dispensers, via outreach in local social venues and third-level institutions	

11	GOSHH, Midwest	8,264	4,432	People living with HIV/hepatitis, MSM, young people, sex workers, LGBTI+, general public, parents	Drop-in service, 1-to-1 sessions, training and education workshops, Rapid HIV Testing outreach, outreach at local festivals, third-level institutions, SHAG Week, Limerick Pride and World AIDS Day
12	IFPA (national)	2,000	1,100	Students, carers, youth workers, parents	Condom demonstrations during workshops and training programmes, information stands in third-level institutions
13	LINC	550	600	Lesbian and bisexual women, LGBTI+	Made available in community centres, outreach at events/festivals, including Cork Women's Fun Weekend and Cork Pride
14	Longford LGBT	100	200	LGBTI+	Made available at meetings
15	MCDAR Project	300	200	Service users experiencing addiction or substance misuse issues	Made available in bathrooms for service users
16	Novas Emergency Homeless Hostel, Kerry	950	500	Homeless individuals	1-to-1 sessions
17	One Family (national)	1,000	200	LGBTI+, migrants, single parent families, service users	Made available in bathrooms for service users
18	Ruhama (national)	1,000	500	Female sex workers	On-street outreach, 1-to-1 sessions
19	Sexual Health Centre, Cork	24,186	17,796	LGBTI+, migrants, general public	1-to-1 sessions, demonstrations, World AIDS Day campaign
20	SpunOut.ie (national)	2,000	0	Young people	Distributed condoms at Dublin Pride, educational workshops
21	Tinteán Housing Association, Waterford	500	500	Homeless women, women with addiction issues, female sex workers	Made available in bathrooms, distributed via packs
22	Tralee International Resource Centre	4,722	0	Asylum seekers, refugees, wider international community	Made available in direct provision centres and drop-in centres

Student unions and student health centres

Table 5.3 demonstrates the range of activities and initiatives engaged by student unions and student health centres to distribute condoms and lubricant.

Table 5.3: Distribution of NCDS condoms and lubricant by student unions and student health centres in 2018

USI		Condoms ordered	Lubricant ordered	At-risk group/ target audience	Description of activities during which condoms and lubricant were distributed		
1	USI affiliated student unions	51,932	38,188	Students	Condoms and lubricant sachets were distributed by student unions through a range of different initiatives including making them available in SU offices and bathrooms, distributing them in Fresher's packs to students, training, conferences, RAG, SHIFT and SHAG Weeks and other key calendar dates, such as Valentine's Day and end of semester events."		
Inde	Independent						
2	MIC, Limerick	3,000	1,499	Students	Orientation week, Sex Ed Quiz night, Fresher's packs		
3	RCSI, Dublin	11,350	500	Students	Available from dispensers in bathrooms, distributed during a 'Welfare Lunch' with students		
4	UCD	15,030	1,000	Students	Distributed in Fresher's packs to students, workshops with students, available for students to take		
5	WCFE Student Council	950	200	Students	Information not provided		
Stu	dent health centres			· 			
6	SHC, DCU	2,008	1,432	Students	Made available for students to take in SHC		
7	SHC, UL	1,000	500	Students	1-to-1 sessions		

Private social care providers

Table 5.4 provides information on the distribution of condoms by a private social care provider.

Table 5.4: Distribution of NCDS condoms and lubricant by private social care providers in 2018

Pro	vider	Condoms ordered	Lubricant ordered	At-risk group/ target audience	Description of activities during which condoms and lubricant were distributed
1	24hr Care Services, Meath	100	0	Young men	Provided to young people in care who are sexually active

Key activities and events

There are a number of key activities and events during which services and organisations engage with at-risk populations and provide NCDS condoms and lubricant sachets, as well as sexual health promotion messages, information and interventions. These are detailed below.

Sexual Health Awareness and Guidance (SHAG) Week

SHAG Week is a key opportunity to deliver targeted sexual health and wellbeing messages and information to third-level students. Four organisations noted that they distributed condoms and lubricant to students during SHAG Week, including AIDS West, GOSHH, HSE Health Promotion Longford, and USI. Activities related to SHAG Week where condoms were distributed include hosting information stands, information sessions, and campus outreach.

World AIDS Day (WAD)

Three organisations distributed condoms during events marking World AIDS Day 2018, including STI Clinics, Dublin North East; AIDS West; and the Sexual Health Centre in Cork. Activities related to WAD primarily include hosting an information stand.

LGBT Pride

LGBT Pride was utilised as an opportunity to distribute condoms by four organisations, namely AIDS West, GOSHH Midwest, LINC and SpunOut. Activities included supplying LGBTI+ social venues with condoms and engaging people in on-street activities at related events.

Direct provision centres

Three NGOs/community organisations, namely AIDS West, AkiDwA and Tralee International Resource Centre, distributed condoms among direct provision centres in 2018. This involved a combination of hosting workshops with residents and making condoms available to take within the premises.

Festivals

Four organisations, including AIDS West, GOSHH Midwest, HSE SHCPP and LINC, identified a number of festivals at which condoms were distributed. These include the Galway Races Summer Festival; The Outing Festival; Cork Women's Fun Weekend; Body & Soul; Bare in the Woods; Longitude; All Together Now; Castlepalooza; Beatyard; Electric Picnic; and Boxed Off.

Outreach activities

Seventeen services and organisations distributed condoms and lubricant sachets during outreach activities in 2018 (see Table 5.5).

Table 5.5: Outreach activities during which NCDS condoms and lubricant were distributed in 2018

Serv	rice/Organisation	Outreach activities at which condoms/lubricant were distributed
1	STI Clinics, UHL	STI screenings at local third-level institutions
2	GMHS Outreach, Dublin	Venues where MSM socialise, including bars and clubs, a community centre and sex-on-premise venues
3	Health Promotion, Longford	SHAG week information stand
4	HSE SHCPP (via Headcase Marketing) (national)	Festivals, concerts, on-campus engagement, nightclub engagement
5	AIDS West, Galway	Local direct provision centres and LGBTI+ social venues, events at local third-level colleges, during Galway Races Summer Festival
6	AkiDwA (national)	Workshops with women living in direct provision
7	ALDP, Limerick	On-street outreach, local homeless hostels
8	Chrysalis Community Drug Project, Dublin	On-street outreach with sex workers
9	Donegal Women's Centre	Tutors in local youthreach and adult education (YRAE) centres, information sessions at local YRAE centres
10	Gay Project Cork	Outreach in local LGBTI+ social venues and through involvement in LGBTI+ events at a local third-level institution
11	GOSHH, Midwest	Rapid HIV Testing sessions, information stands at The Outing Festival, Lisdoonvarna; 16 Days of Action Opposing Violence Against Women; Midwest Careers Fair, University of Limerick; Limerick Mental Health Week; Limerick Pride; local third-level colleges during SHAG/Rainbow Weeks, World AIDS Day
12	IFPA (national)	Information stands in third-level institutions
13	LINC	Cork Pride, Cork Women's Fun Weekend
14	Ruhama (national)	On-street outreach with sex workers
15	Sexual Health Centre, Cork	Outreach during World AIDS Day
16	SpunOut.ie (national)	Outreach at Dublin Pride as well as fairs and festivals
17	Tralee International Resource Centre	Local direct provision centres

6. Summary

Orders to the NCDS increased in 2018 when compared to 2017. Fifteen more organisations ordered from the service compared with the previous year, providing increased scope and opportunity to distribute more condoms to individuals who are disproportionately affected by negative sexual health outcomes, including MSM, young people, students, asylum seekers, people who inject drugs, sex workers, people who are homeless, STI clinic patients, people living with HIV, and members of the LGBTI+ community through clinical, educational and outreach settings.



